

Домаћи рад Матија Копривица 3-3

1210. a)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3 - (n-1)^3}{(n+1)^2 + (n-1)^2} = ?$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+1)^3 - (n-1)^3}{(n+1)^2 + (n-1)^2} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n^3 + 3n^2 + 3n + 1 - (n^3 - 3n^2 + 3n - 1)}{n^2 + 2n + 1 + n^2 - 2n + 1} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6n^2 + 2}{2n^2 + 2} \stackrel{/:n^2}{=} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6 + \frac{2}{n^2}}{2 + \frac{2}{n^2}} = \frac{6}{2} = \boxed{3}$$

b)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2n^2}{2n+3} + \frac{1-3n^2}{3n^2+1} \right) = ?$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2n^2}{2n+3} + \frac{1-3n^2}{3n^2+1} \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2(3n^2+1) + (1-3n^2)(2n+3)}{(2n+3)(3n^2+1)} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{6n^4 + 2n^2 + 2n + 3 - 6n^4 - 9n^3}{6n^3 + 2n + 9n^2 + 3} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-9n^3 + 2n^2 + 2n + 3}{6n^3 + 9n^2 + 2n + 3} \stackrel{/:n^3}{=} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-9 + \frac{2}{n} + \frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n^3}}{6 + \frac{9}{n} + \frac{2}{n^2} + \frac{3}{n^3}} = -\frac{9}{6} = \boxed{-\frac{3}{2}}$$

1211. б)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+2)! - (n+1)!}{(n+3)!} = ?$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+2)! - (n+1)!}{(n+3)!} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{(n+2)(n+1)! - (n+1)!}{(n+3)(n+2)(n+1)!} \stackrel{/(n+1)!}{=} =$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+2-1}{(n+3)(n+2)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n+1}{(n+3)(n+2)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{n \cdot n} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} = 0$$

1213. h)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1 + 5 + 9 + \dots + (4n - 3)}{2(n + 1)} - n \right) = ?$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{\overbrace{1 + 5 + 9 + \dots + (4n - 3)}^{S_n}}{2(n + 1)} - n \right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n(2n - 1)}{2(n + 1)} - n \right)$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2n^2 - n - 2n(n + 1)}{2(n + 1)} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-3n}{2n + 2}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-2n}{6n} = \boxed{-\frac{2}{6} = -\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$a_1 = 1; \quad d = 4; \quad a_n = 4n - 3$$

$$\begin{aligned} S_n &= \frac{n}{2} (2a_1 + (n - 1)d) = \frac{n}{2} (2 \cdot 1 + (n - 1) \cdot 4) \\ &= n(2n - 1) \end{aligned}$$