

Aufgabentabelle B:

keine Lösung: \emptyset		unendlich viele Lösungen: ∞	
1	$-1,5x + 4 - x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}x + 10$	1	$-1,5x - 40 - 4x = 5(\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 8)$
2	$0,5 - 2x = -9 - 2x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	2	$7,5 - 2x = -9 - 2x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
3	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}x - 11 + 8x = -3 + 7x - 9$	3	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 12 + 2x = -3 + 2,2x - 9$
4	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}x + 3,5 = 0,5x + 4 - 2,5x$	4	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 3,5 - 2x = 4 - x$
5	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}0,5 \cdot (0,5x - 8) - 0,25x$	5	$-4 - 6x = 0,5 \cdot (\underline{\hspace{2cm}}x - 8) - 5x$
6	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 3x$	6	$-2,5x = -1,5x - \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
7	$-2,5x + 4 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}x = -11 + 14x$	7	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot (-4x + 9) = 2x - 4,5$
8	$-(4 - 0,5x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}x - 9$	8	$-0,5x + 1 = 2(0,5 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}})$
9	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot (7x - 1) = -3,5x$	9	$-0,3x + 9 - x + 1 = 1,2x + 10 - \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
10	$-9(0,5x - \underline{\hspace{2cm}}) = -4,5x$	10	$2(-x + 4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 2x$
11	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 3$	11	$144 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
12	$-0,9(2 - x) = x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	12	$-5x = 3 + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
13	$-15 = 3(2x + 3) + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}x$	13	$-15 - 3(2x + 1) = -4x - \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 18$
14	$6,5x + \frac{9}{2} = -2x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}x$	14	$6,5x + \frac{9}{2} = -2x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 4,5$
15	$0,1(1 - x) + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}x = -x$	15	$\frac{x}{2} + 19 - x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot (-38 + x)$
16	$0,2 - x = 3 - 5x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	16	$12x - 4 = -2(2 - \underline{\hspace{2cm}})4$
17	$\frac{x}{2} - 4 + x = 3x : \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	17	$-2x + x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Aufgabentabelle A:

keine Lösung: \emptyset		unendlich viele Lösungen: ∞	
1	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 4x$	1	$3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
2	$-0,3(1-x) = x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$	2	$-5x + \frac{x}{2} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
3	$\frac{x}{3} - 4 + \frac{5x}{3} = 2x :$	3	$3(-x+5) = -3x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
4	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot (3x+2) = -1,5x$	4	$7,5x + \frac{7}{5} = -x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + 1,4$
5	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = 5$	5	$\frac{x}{4} + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \cdot (-16+x)$
6	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}}x - 2 = -3 + x$	6	$5x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
7	$\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 11 + x = -5 - 3x + 2$	7	$3 - 4x = -4 - 4x + \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$