

89 + 8

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excellent!!



I. Solve the following integrals. SHOW THE STEPS OF YOUR PROCEDURE. (20 points each)

1. $\int 3\sin^3(x) dx$

$$3 \int \sin(x) \sin^2(x) dx$$

$$3 \int \sin(x) (1 - \cos^2(x)) dx$$

$$3 \int \sin(x) - \sin(x) \cos^2(x)$$

$u = \cos(x) \quad du = -\sin(x) dx$

$$3(-\cos(x) + \int \cos^3(x) dx) + C$$

$$-3\cos(x) + \frac{3\cos^3(x)}{3} + C$$

$$-3\cos(x) + \cos^3(x) + C$$

20

$$\underline{\underline{-3\cos(x) + \cos^3(x) + C}}$$

2. $\int x^5 \cos^3(2x^6) dx$

$$x^5 \int \cos(2x^6) \cos^2(2x^6) dx$$

$$x^5 \int \cos(2x^6) (1 - \sin^2(2x^6)) dx$$

$$x^5 \int \cos(2x^6) - \cos(2x^6) \sin^2(2x^6)$$

$u = 2x^6 \quad du = 12x^5 dx$

$$\frac{1}{12} \int \cos(u) - \cos(u) \sin^2(u) du$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(\sin(u) - \frac{\sin^3(u)}{3} \right) + C$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \sin(2x^6) - \frac{\sin^3(2x^6)}{36} + C$$

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$$\underline{\underline{\frac{1}{12} \sin(2x^6) - \frac{\sin^3(2x^6)}{36} + C}}$$

CORRECTION

$$x^5 \int \cos(2x^6) \cos^2(2x^6) dx$$

$$x^5 \int \cos(2x^6) (1 - \sin^2(2x^6)) dx$$

$$x^5 \int \cos(2x^6) - \cos(2x^6) \sin^2(2x^6)$$

$u = 2x^6 \quad du = 12x^5 dx$

$$\frac{1}{12} \int \cos(u) - \cos(u) \sin^2(u) du$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(\sin(u) - \frac{\sin^3(u)}{3} \right) + C$$

$$\underline{\underline{\frac{1}{12} \sin(2x^6) - \frac{\sin^3(2x^6)}{36} + C}}$$

3. $\int \frac{1}{2} x^3 \tan^3(x^4) dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^3 \int \tan(x^4) \tan^2(x^4) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^3 \int \tan(x^4) (\sec^2(x^4) - 1) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x^3 \int -\tan(x^4) + \tan(x^4) \sec^2(x^4)$$

$u = x^4 \quad du = 4x^3 dx$

$u = \tan(x^4) \quad du = 4x^3 \sec^2(x^4) dx$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \ln|\cos(x^4)| + \frac{\sec^3(x^4)}{3} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \ln|\cos(x^4)| + \frac{\sec^3(x^4)}{24} + C$$

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$$\underline{\underline{\frac{1}{8} \ln|\cos(x^4)| + \frac{\sec^3(x^4)}{24} + C}}$$

CORRECTION

$$u = x^4 \quad du = 4x^3 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \tan(u) \sec^2(u) du$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \ln|\cos(x^4)| + \frac{\tan^2(x^4)}{2} \right)$$

$$\underline{\underline{\frac{1}{8} \ln|\cos(x^4)| + \frac{\tan^2(x^4)}{8} + C}}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \int x^4 \sin^2(x^5) dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int (x^4 - \cos(2x^5)) dx$$

$$u = 2x^5 \quad du = 10x^4$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{x^5}{5} - \frac{1}{10} \sin(2x^5) \right) + C$$

$$\frac{x^5}{10} - \frac{1}{20} \sin(2x^5) + C$$

$$\underline{\underline{\frac{x^5}{10} - \frac{1}{20} \sin(2x^5) + C}}$$

20

$$\textcircled{5} \int \cot^2(8x) dx$$

$$\int (\csc^2(8x) - 1) dx$$

$$-\frac{1}{8} \cot(8x) - x + C$$

$$\underline{\underline{-\frac{1}{8} \cot(8x) - x + C}}$$

20

BONUS

$$\int \sin^5(4x) dx$$

$$\int \sin(4x) \sin^2(4x) \sin(4x) dx$$

$$\int \sin(4x) (1 - \cos^2(4x))^2 dx$$

$$\int \sin(4x) (1 - 2\cos^2(4x) + \cos^4(4x)) dx$$

$$\int \sin(4x) - 2\sin(4x) \cos^2(4x) + \sin(4x) \cos^4(4x) dx$$

$$u = 4x \quad du = 4 \quad u = \cos(4x) \quad du = -4\sin(4x) \quad u = \cos(4x) \quad du = -4\sin(4x)$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \cos(4x) + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\cos^3(4x)}{3} - \frac{1}{4} \frac{\cos^5(4x)}{5} + C$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} \cos(4x) + \frac{\cos^3(4x)}{6} - \frac{\cos^5(4x)}{20} + C$$

$$\underline{\underline{-\frac{1}{4} \cos(4x) + \frac{\cos^3(4x)}{6} - \frac{\cos^5(4x)}{20} + C}}$$

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