



โดยมีความสัมพันธ์

นิยาม กำหนดให้ r เป็นความสัมพันธ์จาก A ไป B

โดยมีความสัมพันธ์ r คือ เซตของสมาชิกตัวหน้าของคู่อันดับใน r เรียกว่า D_r

และ r คือ เซตของสมาชิกตัวหลังของคู่อันดับใน r เรียกว่า R_r

$$\text{ดังนั้น } D_r = \{x | (x, y) \in r\}$$

$$R_r = \{y | (x, y) \in r\}$$

การหาโดยมีความสัมพันธ์ r แบบแยกแจงสมาชิก

ตัวอย่าง จงหาโดยมีความสัมพันธ์ r

1. $r = \{(1,2), (2,4), (3,6), (4,8)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

2. $r = \{(-1,-2), (-2,-4), (-3,-6), (-4,-8)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

3. $r = \{(a,s), (b,t), (c,u), (d,v), (e,x)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

แบบฝึกหัดที่ 4



จงหาโดยมีความสัมพันธ์ r แบบแยกแจงสมาชิก

1. $r = \{(-3,2), (-4,1), (-5,0), (-6,1)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

2. $r = \{(a,1), (b,2), (c,3), (d,4), (e,5), (f,6), (g,7)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

3. $r = \{(-11,11), (-10,10), (-9,9), (-8,8)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

4. $r = \{(1,6), (2,5), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6), (6,7), (7,8)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

5. $r = \{(5,-5), (6,-6), (7,-7), (8,-8), (9,-9), (10,-10), (11,-11)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

6. $r = \{(0,2a), (1,3b), (2,4c), (3,5d), (4,6e), (5,7f), (6,8g)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

7. $r = \{(-10,\emptyset), (-11,\emptyset), (-12,\emptyset), (-13,\emptyset), (-14,\emptyset), (-15,\emptyset)\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

8. $r = \{(\text{จันทร์}, \text{เหลือง}), (\text{อังคาร}, \text{ชมพู}), (\text{พุธ}, \text{เขียว}), (\text{พฤหัสบดี}, \text{แสด}), (\text{ศุกร์}, \text{ฟ้า})\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

9. $r = \{(\text{เข็ม}, \text{ด้วย}), (\text{ขาด}, \text{น้ำ}), (\text{ข้อน}, \text{ส้อม}), (\text{กระถาง}, \text{ต้นไม้}), (\text{динес}, \text{ปากกา})\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

การหาโดเมนและレンจ์ของความสัมพันธ์ r แบบบวกเงื่อนไข

ข้อสังเกต ถ้า $y = ax + b$ และ $x \in \mathbb{R}$ และ $y \in \mathbb{R}$

ตัวอย่าง จงหาโดเมนและレンจ์ของความสัมพันธ์ r

1. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = 3x + 2\}$

$$D_r = \{x | x \in \mathbb{R}\} \quad R_r = \{y | y \in \mathbb{R}\}$$

2. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = 6x\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

3. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = 5+4x\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

4. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = 4x-1\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

5. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = x-2\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

6. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = 5x-58\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

ข้อสังเกต ถ้า $y = \frac{ax+b}{cx+d}$ และจะได้

$$cx + d \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq -\frac{d}{c}$$

$$\text{และ } y \neq \frac{a}{c}$$

ตัวอย่าง จงหาโดเมนและレンจ์ของความสัมพันธ์ r

$$1. r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{2x-3}{5x+4}\}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$2. r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{x+6}{3x-2}\}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$3. r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{8}{5x+1}\}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$4. r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{-9}{2x-1}\}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$5. r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{5x-3}{6-7x}\}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$6. r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{1-9x}{5-6x}\}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$7. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{3x-5}{5x-6} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$8. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{4x-1}{3x+5} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$9. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{1-7x}{3x+5} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$10. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{11x}{6x-8} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$11. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{7x+5}{11x-5} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$12. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{5x-5}{9x-11} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$13. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{7x-15}{x-12} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$14. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{8x}{9x+7} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$15. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{14x}{5-6x} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$16. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{6x+7}{15x-8} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$17. \quad r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \frac{15x+8}{6x-4} \}$$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}} \quad R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

ข้อสังเกต ถ้า $y = \sqrt{x^2 - a}$ โดยที่ $a > 0$

$$\text{จะได้ } x^2 - a \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq -\sqrt{a} \vee x \geq \sqrt{a}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 - a} \geq 0 \Rightarrow y \geq 0$$

ตัวอย่าง จงหาโดเมนและレンจ์ของความสัมพันธ์ r

1. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 49}\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

2. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 196}\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

3. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 79}\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

4. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 100}\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

5. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 81}\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

6. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 9}\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

7. $r = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 64}\}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

8. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 7} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

9. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 115} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

10. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 45} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

11. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 241} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

12. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 125} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

13. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 - 2169} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

ข้อสังเกต ถ้า $y = \sqrt{a - x^2}$ โดยที่ $a > 0$

จะได้ $a - x^2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow -\sqrt{a} \leq x \leq \sqrt{a}$

$0 \leq \sqrt{a - x^2} \leq \sqrt{a} \Rightarrow 0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{a}$

ตัวอย่าง จงหาโดเมนและレンจ์ของความสัมพันธ์ r

1. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{49 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

2. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{196 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

3. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{79 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

4. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{225 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

5. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{169 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

6. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{625 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

7. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{144 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

8. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{400 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

9. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{59 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

10. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{99 - x^2} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

11. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{46 - x^2} \}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

12. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{123 - x^2} \}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

ข้อสังเกต ถ้า $y = \sqrt{x^2 + a}$ โดยที่ $a > 0$

$$\text{จะได้ } x^2 + a \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + a} \geq \sqrt{a} \Rightarrow y \geq \sqrt{a}$$

ตัวอย่าง จงหาโดเมนและレンจ์ของความสัมพันธ์ r

1. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 49} \}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

2. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 196} \}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

3. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 79} \}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

4. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 81} \}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

5. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 225} \}$

$$D_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

$$R_r = \underline{\hspace{10cm}}$$

6. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 25} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

7. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 64} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

8. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 121} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

9. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 15} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

10. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 52} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

11. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 87} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

12. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 96} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

13. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 54} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____

14. $r = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \mid y = \sqrt{x^2 + 115} \}$

$D_r =$ _____

$R_r =$ _____