

Fehlerteufel Lösungen:

Aufgaben leicht:

Richtig umgeformt: L3, L5, L8, L19

Falsch umgeformt:

L1	korrigiert
$\begin{aligned} -2x + 3 &= 4 - x & / - 3 \\ -2x &= 4 - x \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} -2x + 3 &= 4 - x & / - 3 \\ -2x &= 1 - x \end{aligned}$
L2	
$\begin{aligned} -w &= 5 & / + 1 \\ w &= 6 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} -w &= 5 & / \cdot (-1) \\ w &= -5 \end{aligned}$
L4	
$\begin{aligned} -2(5 - b) &= 9 & / + 2 \\ 5 - b &= 11 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} -2(5 - b) &= 9 & / : (-2) \\ 5 - b &= -4,5 \end{aligned}$
L6	
$\begin{aligned} 19x + 84 &= 23x & / - 23x \\ 4x + 84 &= 0 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 19x + 84 &= 23x & / - 23x \\ -4x + 84 &= 0 \end{aligned}$
L7	
$\begin{aligned} r &= 3 - r & / - r \\ 0 &= r \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} r &= 3 - r & / + r \\ 2r &= 3 \end{aligned}$
L9	
$\begin{aligned} -5 + 3(c - 2) &= 9 & / : 3 \\ -5 + c - 2 &= 3 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} -5 + 3(c - 2) &= 9 & / : 3 \\ -\frac{5}{3} + c - 2 &= 3 \end{aligned}$
L10	
$\begin{aligned} 0,5t - 9 + t &= 5 - 2t & / + 2t \\ 2,5t - 9 + 3t &= 5 \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 0,5t - 9 + t &= 5 - 2t & / + 2t \\ 2,5t - 9 + t &= 5 \end{aligned}$
L11	
$\begin{aligned} 3q &= 6 - 3q & / : 3 \\ q &= 6 - q \end{aligned}$	$\begin{aligned} 3q &= 6 - 3q & / : 3 \\ q &= 2 - q \end{aligned}$

L12	
$-2x + 9 = 4 - 5x \quad / + 2x$ $9 = 4 - 7x$	$-2x + 9 = 4 - 5x \quad / + 2x$ $9 = 4 - 3x$
L13	
$8p - 6 = 6 - p \quad / + 6$ $8p = -p$	$8p - 6 = 6 - p \quad / + 6$ $8p = 12 - p$
L14	
$0,1x = 9 \quad / -0,1$ $x = 8,9$	$0,1x = 9 \quad / : 0,1$ $x = 90$
L15	
$a + 3 = 5 \quad / - 3$ $a = -2$	$a + 3 = 5 \quad / - 3$ $a = 2$
L16	
$3c + 1 = -6 \quad / - 1$ $3c = -7 \quad / -3$ $c = -11$	$3c + 1 = -6 \quad / - 1$ $3c = -7 \quad / : 3$ $c = -\frac{7}{3}$
L17	
$-d = 3 \quad / \cdot (-1)$ $d = 3$	$-d = 3 \quad / \cdot (-1)$ $d = -3$
L18	
$-e = -8 \quad / -1$ $e = -9$	$-e = -8 \quad / \cdot (-1)$ $e = 8$
L20	
$-5q = -8 \quad / : (-5)$ $q = -\frac{8}{5}$	$-5q = -8 \quad / : (-5)$ $q = \frac{8}{5}$

Aufgaben mittel:

Richtig umgeformt: M1, M5, M6, M8, M10, M12, M13, M15, M17

Falsch umgeformt:

M2	korrigiert
$4z = -5z \quad / -5z$ $-z = 0$	$4z = -5z \quad / +5z$ $9z = 0$
M3	
$8z = 0 \quad / -8$ $z = 0$	$8z = 0 \quad / :8$ $z = 0$
M4	
$-16z = 0 \quad / :16$ $z = 16$	$-16z = 0 \quad / :(-16)$ $z = 0$
M7	
$x = -2x \quad / :x$ $x = -2$	$x = -2x \quad / -x$ $0 = -3x$
M9	
$-0,5c = c \quad / :(-0,5c)$ $1 = c$	$-0,5c = c \quad / +0,5c$ $0 = 1,5c$
M11	
$-11 - x = 11 - 2x \quad / +11$ $x = 22 - 2x$	$-11 - x = 11 - 2x \quad / +11$ $-x = 22 - 2x$
M14	
$x - 7 = -x + 8 \quad / -x$ $0x - 7 = 8$ $-7 = 8$	$x - 7 = -x + 8 \quad / -x$ $-7 = -2x - 8$
M16	
$2(x + 5) = x - 7$ $2x + 10 = x - 7 \quad / -10$ $2x = x - 17 \quad / -x$ $x = 17$	$2(x + 5) = x - 7$ $2x + 10 = x - 7 \quad / -10$ $2x = x - 17 \quad / -x$ $x = -17$

M18	
$7 - (x + 2) = -x$ $9 - x = -x \quad / + x$ $9 = 0$	$7 - (x + 2) = -x$ $5 - x = -x \quad / + x$ $5 = 0$
M19	
$-(z + 1) = z$ $z - 1 = z \quad / - z$ $-1 = 0$	$-(z + 1) = z$ $-z - 1 = z \quad / + z$ $-1 = 2z$ $(z = -\frac{1}{2})$
M20	
$(z + 1) \cdot (-2) = z$ $z + 1 - 2 = z \quad / - z$ $-1 = 0$	$(z + 1) \cdot (-2) = z$ $-2z - 2 = z \quad / + 2z$ $-2 = 3z$ $(z = -\frac{2}{3})$

Aufgaben schwer:

Richtig umgeformt: S1, S4, S8, S10, S13, S15

Falsch umgeformt:

S2	korrigiert
$\frac{12x}{4} + \frac{48}{12} = \frac{1}{6} \quad / \cdot 12$ $12x + 48 = 2$	$\frac{12x}{4} + \frac{48}{12} = \frac{1}{6} \quad / \cdot 12$ $36x + 48 = 2$
S3	
$\frac{x}{4} + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{4} \quad / \cdot 8$ $x + 8 = 2$	$\frac{x}{4} + \frac{5}{8} = \frac{1}{4} \quad / \cdot 8$ $2x + 5 = 2$
S5	

$\frac{12x}{3} + \frac{48}{3} = \frac{1}{6} \quad / \cdot 3$ $12x + 48 = 3$	$\frac{12x}{3} + \frac{48}{3} = \frac{1}{6} \quad / \cdot 3$ $12x + 48 = \frac{3}{6}$ $(12x + 48 = \frac{1}{2})$
S6	
$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{x}{x} = \frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{x} \quad / \cdot x$ $x = 2$	$\frac{1}{x} + \frac{x}{x} = \frac{2}{x} + \frac{2}{x} \quad / \cdot x$ $1 + x = 2 + 2$ $(1 + x = 4)$
S7	
$\frac{16x}{2x} + \frac{9}{2} = \frac{3}{4x} \quad / \cdot 2$ $32x + 18 = 6$	$\frac{16x}{2x} + \frac{9}{2} = \frac{3}{4x} \quad / \cdot 4x$ $32x + 18x = 3$
S9	
$\frac{7}{8y} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{4y} \quad / \cdot 8y$ $7 + 4 = 4$	$\frac{7}{8y} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{4y} \quad / \cdot 8y$ $7 + 4y = 8$
S11	
$\frac{12}{z} = \frac{1}{3} \quad / \cdot z$ $12 = 3z$	$\frac{12}{z} = \frac{1}{3} \quad / \cdot z$ $12 = \frac{z}{3}$
S12	
$\frac{12}{x} = \frac{1}{3x} \quad / \cdot x$ $12 = \frac{1}{2x}$	$\frac{12}{x} = \frac{1}{3x} \quad / \cdot x$ $12 = \frac{1}{3}$
S14	
$8x + 7 = 3x - 3 \quad / - 3x$ $5x + 7 = 3 \quad / - 7$ $5x = -4 \quad / : 5$ $x = -0,8$	$8x + 7 = 3x - 3 \quad / - 3x$ $5x + 7 = -3 \quad / - 7$ $5x = -10 \quad / : 5$ $x = -2$
S16	

$\frac{12 + 2x}{2} = 0 \quad / \cdot 2$ $12 + 2x = 2 \quad / - 12$ $2x = -10 \quad / : 2$ $x = -5$	$\frac{12 + 2x}{2} = 0 \quad / \cdot 2$ $12 + 2x = 0 \quad / - 12$ $2x = -12 \quad / : 2$ $x = -6$
S17	
$(x - 4)^2 = x^2$ $x^2 - 16 = x^2 \quad / - x^2$ $-16 = 0$	$(x - 4)^2 = x^2$ $x^2 - 8x + 16 = x^2 \quad / - x^2$ $(-8x + 16 = 0 \quad / - 16)$ $(-8x = -16 \quad / : (-8))$ $(x = 2)$
S18	
$(v + 5)^2 = v^2$ $v^2 - 10v + 25 = v^2 \quad / - v^2$ $-10v = -25 \quad / : 10$ $v = 2, 5$	$(v + 5)^2 = v^2$ $v^2 + 10v + 25 = v^2 \quad / - v^2$ $(10v + 25 = 0 \quad / - 25)$ $(10v = -25 \quad / : 10)$ $(v = -2, 5)$
S19	
$(y + 5)(y - 5) = y^2$ $y^2 + 5 - 5 = y^2 \quad / - y^2$ $5 - 5 = 0$ $0 = 0$	$(y + 5)(y - 5) = y^2$ $y^2 - 25 = y^2 \quad / - y^2$ $-25 = 0$
S20	
$(a - 4)^2 - (a + 3)^2 = 21$ $-8a + 16 + 6a + 9 = 21$ $2a + 25 = 21 \quad / - 25$ $2a = -4 \quad / : 2$ $a = 2$	$(a - 4)^2 - (a + 3)^2 = 21$ $-8a + 16 - 6a - 9 = 21$ $-14a + 7 = 21 \quad / - 7$ $-14a = 14 \quad / : (-14)$ $a = -1$