## Properties of Tangents Drawn to Circles

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- 1) Go to <u>https://app.geogebra.org/#geometry</u>.
- 2) Go to **Options**. Under **Options**, select **Labeling**. Select **All New Objects**. (See figure.)



- 3) Select the **Circle With Center Through Point** tool to construct a circle.
- 4) Use the **Point** tool to plot a point *C* anywhere outside the circle.



- 5) Now use the **Tangents** tool to construct two lines that pass through *C* and are tangent to the circle.
- 6) Now, use the **Intersect** tool to plot and label the points of intersections of these tangents to the circle. Label these points *D* and *E*. (See figure.)



- 7) Now, right click on one of the two tangent lines. Uncheck the "Show Object" option to hide this tangent line. Do the same for the other tangent line.
- 8) Use the **Segment** tool to construct segment  $\overline{CD}$  and  $\overline{CE}$ .
- 9) Use the **Distance** tool to measure and display the lengths *CD* and *CE*. What do you initially notice?
- 10) Now, select the **Move** tool and experiment by moving point *C* around the screen. (Just make sure *C* stays *outside* the circle!) What do notice about the lengths *CD* and *CE*?
- 11) Let's generalize now. Fill in the blanks:
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ segments drawn to a \_\_\_\_\_\_ from a
  \_\_\_\_\_\_ outside that \_\_\_\_\_\_ are \_\_\_\_\_.

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- 12) Use the **Segment** tool to construct radii  $\overline{AD}$  and  $\overline{AE}$ .
- 13) Now use the **Angle** tool to find the measure of  $\angle ADC$  and the measure of  $\angle CEA$ . (When using this tool to measure these angles, be sure to select either the three vertices or the two segments in a *counterclockwise orientation*!)
- 14) What do you notice about these two angles?

- 15) Now, use the **Move** tool to move point *C* around the screen again. Also move points *A* and *B* around. What do you always notice to be true about  $\angle ADC$  and  $\angle CEA$ ?
- 16) Use your observations to complete the following statement by filling in the blanks:

If a	is drawn to a	, then a radius
drawn to the	of tangency makes a	angle with
that	segment. We can also say that a	
drawn to any line	to a circle is	to
that	line.	

17) Now go to <u>http://tube.geogebra.org/m/z7QUMhmr</u>. Interact with the applet you see for a few minutes, then answer the questions that you see beneath the applet.